

## Teil 9: Radiosity

### Simulation globaler Lichtverteilung

Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Radiosity

Lösen globaler diffuser Beleuchtung  
in abgeschlossenem System  
Gut geeignet für Innenraumsimulationen  
Algorithmik und Ergebnisbilder  
doch sehr verschieden zu Ray Tracing

Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

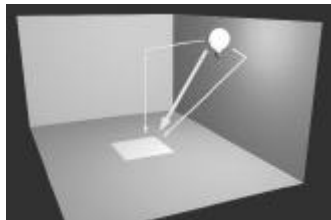
---

## Prinzip

Lichtquellen & Objektoberflächen werden  
als flächenhafte Strahler betrachtet, die

- ◆ reflektierte
- ◆ emittierte

Energie in die  
Umgebung  
abstrahlen.



Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Scanline / RT / Radiosity



Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity




---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Radiosity Beleuchtungsmodell (1)

$$B_k = E_k + \rho_k \sum_{j \neq k} F_{kj} B_j$$

- $B_k$  Radiosity von patch k
- $E_k$  Eigenemission von patch k
- $\sum F_{kj} B_j$  Beitrag von den anderen patches
- $F_{kj}$  Form-Faktor, Beitrag v.  $B_j$  zu  $B_k$
- $\rho_k$  Reflexionsfaktor von patch k

Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity




---

---

---

---

---

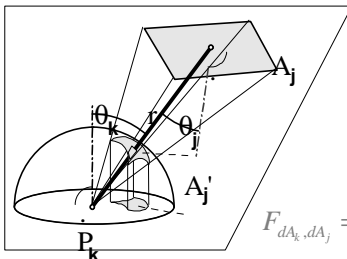
---

---

---

## Radiosity Beleuchtungsmodell (2)

Form-Faktor  $F_{kj}$ : Beitrag von patch j zu patch k



$$F_{dA_k, dA_j} = \frac{\cos \phi_j \cos \phi_k dA_j}{\pi r^2}$$

Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity




---

---

---

---

---

---

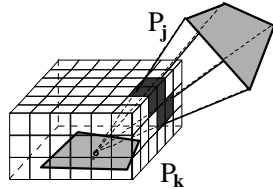
---

---

## Radiosity Beleuchtungsmodell (3)

### Form-Faktor Berechnung

- ◆ teuerster Schritt bei Radiosity
- ◆ numerisch (Monte Carlo Methode)
- ◆ hemicube Ansatz



Hellwig-Hausser

Teil 9: Radiosity




---

---

---

---

---

---

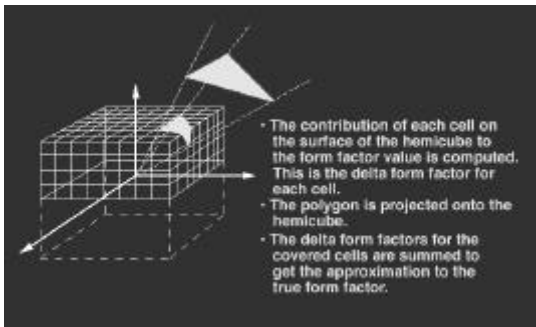
---

---

---

---

## Form-Faktor – Hemicube Ansatz



- The contribution of each cell on the surface of the hemicube to the form factor value is computed. This is the delta form factor for each cell.
- The polygon is projected onto the hemicube.
- The delta form factors for the covered cells are summed to get the approximation to the true form factor.

Hellwig-Hausser

Teil 9: Radiosity




---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Radiosity Beleuchtungsmodell (4)

### Form-Faktor Eigenschaften

- ◆ Gesamtenergie = konstant  $\sum_{j=1}^n F_{kj} = 1$
- ◆ gleichförmige Reflexion  $A_k F_{kj} = A_j F_{jk}$
- ◆ keine Selbstbeleuchtung  $F_{kk} = 0$

Hellwig-Hausser

Teil 9: Radiosity




---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Radiosity Beleuchtungsmodell (5)

**Radiosity Gleichung**  $B_k = E_k + \rho_k \sum_{j \neq k} F_{kj} B_j$

$$B_k - \rho_k \sum_{j \neq k} F_{kj} B_j = E_k$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 - R_1 F_{11} & -R_1 F_{12} & \dots & -R_1 F_{1n} \\ -R_2 F_{21} & 1 - R_2 F_{22} & \dots & -R_2 F_{2n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ -R_n F_{n1} & -R_n F_{n2} & \dots & 1 - R_n F_{nn} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} B_1 \\ B_2 \\ \vdots \\ B_n \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} E_1 \\ E_2 \\ \vdots \\ E_n \end{bmatrix}$$

Helwig Hauer

Teil 9: Radiosity




---

---

---

---

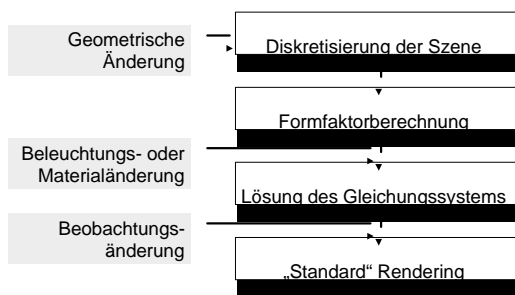
---

---

---

---

## Algorithmus (Radiosity)



Helwig Hauer

Teil 9: Radiosity




---

---

---

---

---

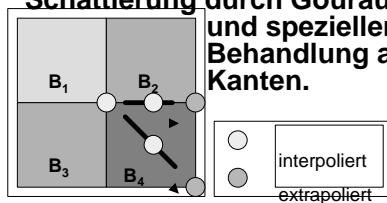
---

---

---

## Darstellung

$B_i$ 's legen die Darstellungsfarbe fest  
**Schattierung durch Gouraud-Shading und spezieller Behandlung an den Kanten.**



Helwig Hauer

Teil 9: Radiosity




---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Radiosity Beleuchtungsmodell (6)

### Lösung der Radiosity Gleichung

- ◆ Gauss-Elimination
- ◆ LU Faktorisierung

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 - R_1 F_{11} & -R_1 F_{12} & \dots & -R_1 F_{1n} \\ -R_2 F_{21} & 1 - R_2 F_{22} & \dots & -R_2 F_{2n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ -R_n F_{n1} & -R_n F_{n2} & \dots & 1 - R_n F_{nn} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} B_1 \\ B_2 \\ \vdots \\ B_n \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} E_1 \\ E_2 \\ \vdots \\ E_n \end{bmatrix}$$

### Zeit- und Platz-aufwendig

Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

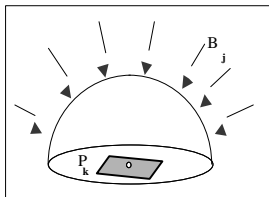
---

## Radiosity Beleuchtungsmodell (7)

### Lösen der Radiosity Gleichung

- ◆ Gauss-Seidel Iteration

$$B_k^{i+1} = E_k + \rho_k \sum_{j \neq k} F_{kj} B_j^i$$



Gathering

Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Progressive Refinement

### Generelle Methode:

- ◆ Zuerst eine Näherungslösung bestimmen
- ◆ Näherungslösung sukzessive verfeinern

### Ansätze:

- ◆ Ray Tracing: Verfeinerung der räumlichen Auflösung
- ◆ Radiosity: Verfeinerung der radiometrischen Auflösung

Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity



---

---

---

---

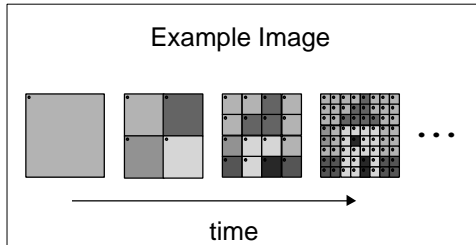
---

---

---

---

## Progressive Refinement (Ray Tracing)



Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity




---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Progressive Gathering



Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity




---

---

---

---

---

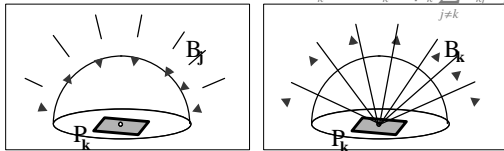
---

---

---

## Radiosity Beleuchtungsmodell (8)

Gathering vs. Shooting  $B_k^{i+1} = E_k + \rho_k \sum_{j \neq k} F_{kj} B_j^i$



$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ x \\ x \\ x \\ x \\ x \end{pmatrix} = x + \begin{pmatrix} x & x & x & x & x & x \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ x \\ x \\ x \\ x \\ x \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ x \\ x \\ x \\ x \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ x \\ x \\ x \\ x \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} x & x & x & x & x \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ x \\ x \\ x \\ x \end{pmatrix}$$

Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity




---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Shooting – Algorithmus

1. Patch mit größter Energie auswählen
2. Eine Formfaktor-Spalte berechnen
3. Radiosity der umgebenden Patches aktualisieren
4. Solange bis Konvergenz

Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity




---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Progressive Refinement Radiosity (1)

### Shooting

- ◆ select brightest patch k and distribute its radiosity  $B_k$

$$B_k = E_k + \rho_k \sum_{j \neq k} F_{kj} B_j \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} B_{k \text{ due to } B_j} = \rho_k F_{kj} B_j \\ B_{j \text{ due to } B_k} = \rho_j F_{jk} B_k \end{array}$$

⇓

$$B_{j \text{ due to } B_k} = \rho_j F_{jk} \frac{A_k}{A_j} B_k \leftarrow A_k F_{kj} = A_j F_{jk}$$

Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity




---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Progressive Refinement Radiosity (2)

```

init  $B_j := 0$ , init  $\Delta B_j := \text{emissions}$ 
for each patch k {
  do hemicube, calc. form factors  $F_{kj}$ 
  for each patch j {
     $\Delta \text{rad} := \rho_j * F_{kj} * \Delta B_k * A_k / A_j$ 
     $\Delta B_j := \Delta B_j + \Delta \text{rad}$ 
     $B_j := B_j + \Delta \text{rad}$ 
  }
   $\Delta B_k := 0$ 
}
    
```

Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity




---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Progressive Shooting



Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Gathering vs. Shooting

### Gathering:

- ◆ Gleichungssystem lösen (Gauss-Seidel)
- ◆ Start:  $B_i's = 0$ , außer Lichtquellen
- ◆ Änderung einer Fläche pro Iteration

### Shooting:

- ◆ Hellste Fläche selektieren
- ◆ Energie auf alle Flächen aufteilen
- ◆ Änderung aller Flächen pro Iteration

Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Radiosity - Eigenschaften

- + Beliebige Flächenlichtquellen
- + Globale diffuse Beleuchtung
- + Schatten und Halbschatteneffekte
- + Unabhängig vom Betrachterstandpunkt
- Keine Spiegelreflexion und Transparenz
- Szene muß aus Polygonen bestehen

Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---



## Radiosity – Beispiele



Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Radiosity – Beispiele



Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Radiosity – Beispiele



Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Radiosity – Beispiele



Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Radiosity – Beispiele



Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Radiosity – Beispiele



Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Ray Tracing vs. Radiosity

Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity




---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Ray Tracing vs. Radiosity

<i>Ray Tracing</i>	<i>Kriterium</i>	<i>Radiosity</i>
<i>abhängig</i>	<i>Beobachtungsrichtung</i>	<i>unabhängig</i>
<i>spiegelnd</i>	<i>geeignet für Reflexionsart</i>	<i>diffus</i>
<i>beliebig</i>	<i>Szenenbeschreibung</i>	<i>B-Rep</i>
<i>jedes Bild</i>	<i>hoher Berechnungsaufwand</i>	<i>jede Szene</i>

Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity




---

---

---

---

---

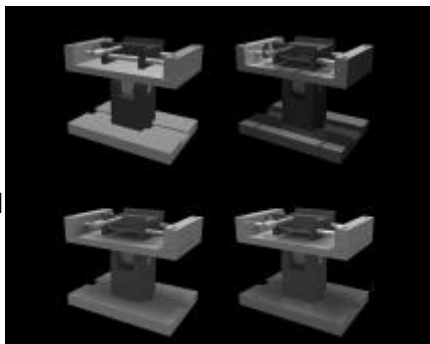
---

---

---

## Ray Tracing / Radiosity

Rad



RT

Σ

Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity




---

---

---

---

---

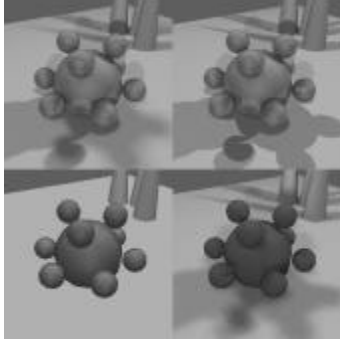
---

---

---

## Ray Tracing / Radiosity

dRT



RT

Rad

Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Radiosity Images



Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Radiosity Images



Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Radiosity Images



Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Radiosity Images



Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Radiosity Images



Helwig Hauser

Teil 9: Radiosity



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Radiosity Images



Helwig Hauer

Teil 9: Radiosity



---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---